

# THE EVENING BULLETIN.

VOLUME IX.

MAYSVILLE, KY., WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1890.

NUMBER 57.



**ROYAL  
BAKING  
POWDER**

Absolutely Pure.

This powder never varies. A Marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight, alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cans. ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., 10 Wall St., New York.

UNPRECEDENTED ATTRACTION!  
OVER A MILLION DISTRIBUTED!

**L.S.L.**

LOUISIANA STATE LOTTERY COMPANY.

Incorporated by the Legislature for educational and charitable purposes, and its franchise made a part of the present State Constitution, in 1879, by an overwhelming popular vote.

ITS MAMMOTH DRAWINGS take place semi-annually, (June and December), and its Grand Single Number Drawings take place in each of the other ten months of the year, and are all drawn in public, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, La.

Famed For Twenty Years, for integrity of its drawings and prompt payment of prizes, attested as follows:

We do hereby certify that we supervise the arrangements for all the Monthly and Semi-annual Drawings of The Louisiana State Lottery Company, and persons who conduct the drawings themselves, and that the same are conducted with honesty, fairness, and in good faith toward all parties, and we authorize the company to use this certificate, with fair similes of our signatures attached, in its advertisements."

*G. T. Youngard  
J. T. Early*

Commissioners.

We the undersigned Banks and Bankers will pay all Prizes drawn in The Louisiana State Lotteries which may be presented at our counters:

R. M. WALMSLEY, Pres. Louisiana Nat. Bank,  
PIERRE LANAU, Pres. State National Bank,  
A. BALDWIN, Pres. New Orleans Nat. Bank  
CARL KOHN, President Union Nat'l Bank.

GRAND MONTHLY DRAWING, at the Academy of Music, New Orleans, TUESDAY, FEBRUARY 11, 1890.

**CAPITAL PRIZE, \$300,000**

100,000 tickets at \$20 each; halves, \$10; Quarters, \$5; Tenths, \$2; Twentieths, \$1.

LIST OF PRIZES.

1 PRIZE of \$300,000 is.....	\$300,000
1 PRIZE of 100,000 is.....	100,000
1 PRIZE of 50,000 is.....	50,000
1 PRIZE of 25,000 is.....	25,000
2 PRIZES of 10,000 are.....	20,000
5 PRIZES of 5,000 are.....	25,000
25 PRIZES of 1,000 are.....	25,000
100 PRIZES of 500 are.....	50,000
200 PRIZES of 300 are.....	60,000
500 PRIZES of 200 are.....	100,000

APPROXIMATION PRIZES.

100 PRIZES of \$500 are.....	\$50,000
100 PRIZES of 300 are.....	30,000
100 PRIZES of 200 are.....	20,000

TERMINAL PRIZES.

999 Prizes of \$100 are.....	99,900
999 Prizes of 100 are.....	99,900
2,134 Prizes amounting 10.....	21,340

Note.—Tickets drawing capital prizes are not entitled to terminal prizes.

AGENTS WANTED.

For Club Rates, or any further information desired, write legibly to the undersigned, clearly stating your residence, with State, County, Street and Number. More rapid return mail delivery will be assured by your enclosing an envelope bearing your full address.

IMPORTANT.—Address M. A. DAUPHIN, New Orleans, La., or M. A. DAUPHIN, Washington, D. C., by ordinary letter, containing money order issued by all express companies, New York Exchange, Draft or postal note.

Address registered letters containing currency to New Orleans National Bank, New Orleans, La.

REMEMBER, that the payment of Prizes is guaranteed by four National Banks of New Orleans, and the tickets are signed by the officers of the institution, whose chartered rights are recognized in the highest courts; therefore beware of all imitations or anonymous schemers."

ONE DOLLAR is the price of the smallest part or fraction of a ticket issued by us in any drawing. Anything in our name offered for less than a dollar is a swindle.



A VOICE

From the Executive Mansion.

MR. A. K. HAWKES—Dear Sir: The pantoscopic glasses you furnished me some time since give excellent satisfaction. I have tested them by use, and must say they are unequalled in clearness and brilliancy by any that I have ever worn. Respectfully, JOHN B. GORDON, Governor of Georgia.

All eyes fitted and fit guaranteed at the Drug Store of POWER & REYNOLDS, Maysville, Ky.

## The Direct Tax Bill.

It Passes the Senate by a Large Majority.

IT WAS VETOED BY CLEVELAND.

An Amendment to Refund the Cotton Tax Rejected—The Race Question Debated Again—House Proceedings and Other National News.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The senate yesterday further debated the Chandler "Mississippi outrage" resolution. The direct tax bill was passed also.

A memorial from the Augusta, Me., board of trade, favoring New York as the site for the world's fair, was presented and referred. Also a memorial by Mr. Chandler for the establishment of a republican form of government in Mississippi.

Mr. Morrill introduced the bill authorizing the issue of treasury notes on deposits of silver bullion, and asked its reference to the committee on finance, and asked that a bill prepared by Secretary Windom to the same purpose be printed and referred.

On motion of Mr. Sherman, the senate bill to relieve the treasurer of the United States from the amount now charged to him and deposited with the several states, was taken from the calendar and passed.

The direct tax bill was taken up.

Mr. Vest expressed his opposition to the bill as did also Mr. Berry, who asked for the yeas and nays.

Mr. Sherman made a brief statement of the history of the tax, and said its passage would remove a bone of contention and repair an injustice.

Mr. Vest said his passage was a foregone conclusion, but he stood by his record of opposition, and especially by President Cleveland's veto of the same bill. He regarded the measure as utterly indefensible without constitutional authority, and unwarranted by precedent.

Mr. Vance offered, as an amendment, a proposition to refund the cotton tax. Rejected—yeas, 15, nays, 52. Messrs. Blair and Call opposed the bill. After further debate the bill passed, by a vote of 44 to 7. The negative votes were Messrs. Berry, Blair, Call, Coke, Plumb, Vance and Vest. The bill makes it the duty of the secretary of the treasury to credit to each state and territory of the United States and the District of Columbia a sum equal to all collections from them under the direct tax bill of 1861.

The senate then resumed consideration of Mr. Chandler's resolution regarding the ill-treatment of Fanz at Aberdeen, Miss., and Mr. George argued against it, declaring his belief that its adoption would be a serious infraction of the constitution and a very serious encroachment on the rights of the people of Mississippi. He quoted decisions of the supreme court in support of his position, and said there could be no doubt, if the decisions of the supreme court were to be relied on, that the senate, as a part of the law-making power, had no jurisdiction to pass a law to punish the men who had committed the outrages at Aberdeen.

He claimed that the pending resolution was without any warrant in the constitution that senators had sworn to support. If the senate was to go on this crusade against the white people of Mississippi, would it not be well, he asked, for the senate to set an example to that despairing people of an observance of the constitution?

Mr. Spooner said that so far as the resolution appeared on its face, it was not an assumption by the senate to deal with crimes, isolated or general, in the state of Mississippi. It did not involve the contention that the United States government by any existing law, or by any law that could be constitutionally passed, could punish a man in its courts for an assault and battery committed in the state of Mississippi. Still he was not ready to admit that there might not be circumstances in which jurisdiction might be conferred by congress on courts of the United States to secure a citizen of the United States, his constitutional rights of life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness, which the state denied him by force and fraud.

He denied that there existed in the north a feeling of animosity against the south, and cited as an evidence of that, the fact that long ago all the southern states were represented in both houses of congress, and that, too, mostly by gentlemen who had fought under their flag and against the American flag. The hanging in effigy of Secretary Proctor brought into the sunlight the indifference to law and decency in the south, of which the country had, for many years had occasion to complain.

Mr. Gray charged Mr. Spooner with having evaded the issue raised by Mr. George. The hanging of Secretary Proctor in effigy was not so great a crime as the senator from Wisconsin would have it appear. Recently President Harrison had been hung in effigy in Indiana. He moved an amendment by adding the words: "And also the letter of instruction to the said marshal, to which the report of the said marshal was a response, and that he be requested to inform the senate whether, in the alleged assault on Fanz, any right secured to him by the constitution or laws of the United States was invaded or violated."

Mr. Butler moved an amendment calling on the attorney general for the papers in the Dudley case.

The debate was continued at some length. At its conclusion the first part of Mr. Gray's amendment was agreed to.

Mr. Call offered an amendment calling for the particulars of the hanging of President Harrison in effigy in Indiana, and the hanging of President Cleveland in effigy in Kansas. No action was taken on these amendments, and the whole matter went over.

After a brief secret session the senate, at 5:15, adjourned.

### Proceedings in the House.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The house passed a bill granting to the city of St. Augustine, Fla., certain public lands for parks.

A resolution from the judiciary committee was passed, calling on the attorney general for information as to the number of suits instituted by the United States for the violation of the contract labor laws.

A bill reported from the committee on invalid pensions was passed, providing that in case of pension claims of dependent parents, it shall only be necessary to show to the pension office that the parents are without other means of support than manual labor.

Mr. Dorsey, of Nebraska, from the committee on banking and currency, reported a bill to provide for the issue of circulating notes to National Banking associations. The bill provides for the issue to National banks of circulation equal to the par amount of bonds deposited as security, but net in excess of capital stock paid in.

Mr. Bland, of Missouri, opposed the bill. He believed that the government itself should issue money treasury notes instead of bank notes.

Mr. Anderson, of Kansas, opposed the bill. He was naturally opposed, he said, to the control by the National banks of the money of the country.

Mr. Lane, of Illinois, opposed the bill. It was not in the interest of the farmer or laborer, but in the interest of bankers.

Mr. Cheadle, of Indiana, supported the bill. No holder of a National bank note had ever lost a dollar by the system. It was safer to rest the circulation on this system than on the caprice of congress.

Mr. McRae, of Arkansas, opposed the bill as antagonistic to the free coinage of silver, and an effort on the part of the National banks to increase the price of the bonds held by them.

Mr. Cannon, of Illinois, gave notice of a proposed substitute for the bill providing that National banks now organized, or hereafter organized, shall not be required to keep on deposit, or deposit with the United States treasurer, bonds in excess of \$1,000 as security for their circulating notes, but such banks shall keep on deposit, or deposit the amount of bonds, herein required, and such of those banks having deposited bonds in excess of this amount are authorized to reduce their circulation by the deposit of lawful money as provided by law, provided that the amount of such circulating notes shall not exceed, in any case, 90 per cent. of the bonds deposited as herein provided.

The bill then went over and the house adjourned.

### Going to New York.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—President Harrison has decided to go to New York next week to attend the judicial centenary to be celebrated, and the attorney general, Secretary Tracy and Secretary Noble will leave Washington at 2 o'clock Monday p. m. on board a special train, reaching New York that evening. There will be a number of senators and representatives on the same train, besides the members of the supreme court, who will go over in a body. The president will return by Tuesday night.

### Proposed Ship Canal.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—A bill will soon be introduced in congress appropriating \$50,000 to survey a route for a ship canal connecting Lake Michigan and Lake Superior. The bill has been prepared by W. H. Morrell, the chief promoter of this canal, who is now here. The scheme has been indorsed by the legislatures of Michigan, Illinois and Wisconsin.

### Another Man Gone Wrong.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—Lieut. William D. Wright, lately in charge of the signal service seacoast telegraph lines in New England, is missing. An examination of his money accounts shows him a defaulter to the amount of \$300. Gen. Greeley has stopped all pay due the lieutenant, and asks the assistance of civil authorities to apprehend the fugitive.

### Senate's Secret Session.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 29.—The senate in secret session yesterday confirmed the following nominations: Richard Guenther, of Wisconsin, consul general at the City of Mexico; John F. Winter, of Illinois, consul at Muadheim; Louis Gottschalk, of California, consul at Stuttgart, and Jacob Yoes, marshal for the western district of Arkansas.

### CRUSHED IN THE CANON.

Serious Accident to the Surveying Party in Marble Canon, on the Colorado. DEVER, Col., Jan. 29.—From information received here it appears that the second exploring expedition, which left here Nov. 25 to survey a railroad line through the Grand Canon of Colorado, has met with a fatal accident. The following letter, dated Tuba City, Ariz., Jan. 21, to L. E. C. Hinckley, has been received:

"I was badly injured in Marble Canon three weeks ago, and nearly killed. My right leg was crushed from the knee to the foot, and I think three of the other men were killed. I have been crazy since then, so they tell me. I am now on my way to Denver for treatment, but am without money or railroad ticket. I want you to telegraph to Winslow, Ariz., \$150 immediately to Winslow, Ariz., where I will take the cars. F. A. NIMS."

"Photographer for Expedilion." A telegram which reached here late yesterday says Nims arrived at Winslow on the way to Denver. The first expedition to go down the canon was organized and left here Jan. 25, 1889, under the command of Frank M. Brown. This party made their way to about twenty miles below Lee's Ferry, where the boat was capsized in the rapids and Brown and two men were drowned. The remainder of the party returned to Denver, and a second party left here on the day mentioned with Robert Stanton, chief engineer. The letter received from Stanton at Lee's Ferry, on Christmas Day, stated that the men were all well and that they were going through without accident.

The treaty, however, added a large number of crimes to those included in the treaty of 1842. So far as the Dominion government were concerned no difficulty was anticipated in accepting the treaty. They were satisfied with it, though it did not go as far as they would have liked on one or two points.

## A Terrific Explosion.

Twenty People Injured at Lexington, Illinois.

COLLEGE BUILDING DAMAGED.

An Experiment in Chemistry Causes an Explosion of a Retort Hurting Thirty People in All Directions—The Wrecked Building Takes Fire, but is Saved Before Much Damage is Done—List of the Victims.

BLOOMINGTON, Ill., Jan. 29.—Twenty persons were injured at 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon in the high school at Lexington, in this county, by a terrific explosion, which was heard all over the city. While Professor Jess, surrounded by pupils and teachers, was conducting an experiment in chemistry, in which oxygen was being generated in a retort composed wholly or in part of iron, with iron connections, the retort suddenly flew to pieces, and nearly thirty persons were hurled in all directions and twenty of them more or less mangled.

The steamer DeSoto was valued at about \$35,000. She was insured for about two-thirds of that amount. She was built about eight years ago, being known as the Golden Crown. Three years ago she underwent extensive improvements and the name was changed to the DeSoto. The DeSoto or Golden Crown, as it was then called, was built by E. L. and C. W. Shinkle, at the marine railway docks in 1878, at a cost of about \$30,000. In 1884 or '85 she was sold to the Cincinnati and Memphis Packet company, and repaired and put in service again under her present

# THE EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.  
ROSSER & McCARTHY,  
Proprietors.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1890.

## Constitutional Delegate.

*Editor Bulletin:* In the selection of a man to represent Mason County in the Constitutional convention, it should be remembered the qualifications requisite to fit the aspirant for a position of such vital importance to the people are not necessarily found within the limits of the legal fraternity nor restricted to the scope of professional scholarship.

What the masses want is a Constitution embodying the spirit of simplicity, and as brief in its construction as the Ten Commandments—a system of government that insures to every individual a protection against every unjust condition of society, trade and transportation. Such attainments are more readily found in that class whose advancement depends not only upon the success of his particular calling but upon the general prosperity of every industry. Hence, no safer selection can be made than through the substantial farmers of Mason County, among whom are men of experience and thought, broad and liberal information upon current events, and a practical knowledge of the requirements of the times.

The compliment could be no more fittingly bestowed than upon such a man as Colonel Charles A. Marshall, of Washington, Dr. Parry, of Mayslick, W. B. Robb, of Helena, J. H. Rice or Waiter S. Calvert, of Lewisburg, or some one of equal merits and attainments from some other part of the county.

The farmers possess the strength of supremacy. They are numerically strong enough to protect their rights from every invasion, strong enough to challenge the encroachments of every adversary, and numerically strong enough to dictate the delegate to the Constitutional Convention if they wish.

It remains to be seen if they will avail themselves of the opportunity at their disposal, or through apathy and stupidity remain lurking in the wilderness. If so let them do as they have done in the past, accept the situation, say nothing, but saw wood.

FARMER.

## OUR NEIGHBORS.

### SARDIS.

The ladies of the M. E. Church, of Sardis, will give two suppers, consisting of oysters, ice cream, snerbert, and cakes, one on Friday evening, January 31 and the other on Saturday evening, February 1. The object of these suppers is to raise money to plaster their parsonage. The Sardis band will furnish music. All are invited.

### GERMANTOWN.

Prot. Thomas' select school begins Monday. A. R. Walton sold his fine driving horse to Mr. Wilson, Monday, at a fancy price.

The Misses Blackerby, of Berlin, are the guests of their uncle, Dr. J. M. Blackerby.

Prot. Thomas' school closed Tuesday night with an entertainment, which we will write up next time.

The following "commercial tourists" were registered at the popular Winter's Hotel last week: Wm. Varran, C. McMath, D. Hechinger, Chas. Duncan and a few others whose names we could not get.

Stuart Wallingford, who is visiting his cousin Charles Wallingford, at Fern Leaf, was thrown from his horse Monday night, and had the misfortune to get his left leg broken. Dr. Dimmit, who is attending him, says he is getting along as well as could be expected.

The death of Miss Marie Ross, at Covington, casts a gloom over our young folks here, with whom she was a great favorite. She was noted for her many sterling qualities and her sweetness of disposition. Her parents and brothers, who idolized her, have the heartfelt sympathy of our entire community.

Every one here remembers that old "box house" Sam Brady," a simple gray. He bought trout from the Ponds of Wm. Miller who was two years old, and was driven to the German town and Maysville "box" for fifteen years, losing only three or four days during this time. He is still (or was in August) doing service as a black horse in Lexington for a man by the name of Graves, who purchased him from F. M. Toole, now of Maysville. Mr. Toole, of the firm of Carr & Toole, can vouch this statement as being true. CINC.

### PLUMVILLE.

Mr. Jackson Ensor is the most jovial man in this vicinity.

Miss Hattie Key will teach the Stone Lick school this spring.

Miss Rose Key was visiting relatives in the Mill Creek neighborhood last week.

Mr. Charlie Wallingford, of Fern Leaf, paid Orangeburg a flying visit this week.

They are having quite a singing school at Mt. Gilead. Prot. Summers is the teacher.

Mr. H. Clay Stone is under treatment for laryngitis. "You have got it," said the doctor, when he examined his eyes.

Miss Linnie Wallingford, of Fern Leaf, has returned home. She has been visiting relatives in Orangeburg and vicinity.

One of the little children of Mr. and Mrs. George C. Lewis was buried this week. The affected parents have our heartfelt sympathy.

There is talk of "boycotting" Maysville. She won't allow a county man any privileges. No "anctoicer's license" to a county man is the last feather. "Boycotting" is our only remedy.

John T. Wilson, of Mayslick, is spoken of as a delegate to represent Mason County in the Constitutional convention. We think as farming is the source of wealth, the foundation of all business, it should be largely represented in said convention. We say this without disparagement to Dr. Pleckett, the BULLETIN'S favorite.

Mr. Stuart Wallingford, while on a visit to his aunt Mrs. H. E. Wallingford, near Fern Leaf, was thrown from his horse Monday night, and was so unfortunate as to have his left leg broken below the knee. His parents, on learning of the accident, went immediately down. We learn he is doing as well as could be expected. He has our sympathy.

In the death of Mrs. Malinda Wallingford, the only member of the community and the church of which she was a member have suffered a loss which is deeply felt. She quietly passed away on the morning of the 23rd instant, in the bosom of her afflicted children. She had been an honored member of the church for sixty-two years. Her funeral was preached by Elder Wm. Smoot, of Virginia, to a large and solemn audience, and then her remains were interred in the Mt. Gilead burying grounds, close to the grave of her husband, who preceded her to the bright realms above more than thirty years. But those who came in at the eleven hour received the same as those who came in at the third.

## THE PUBLIC SCHOOLS.

Notes and Comments by County Superintendent Galbraith for Year 1889-90.

### NO. 18—LEWISBURG.

This school was found in charge of W. T. Berry, and as usual he was doing first-class work. Mr. Berry is not satisfied with class instruction alone, but feels himself to be indeed in *loc parents*, and spares no time or energy in looking after every interest of his pupils. I see from year to year that he is looking more and more to the formation of character upon those tried principles that underlie all true success. This line of work is the very best possible. The inspiration we give our pupils becomes, as it were, part of them; and are a force for good when text book instruction has been forgotten.

I was especially pleased with a language lesson for the primary classes. This consisted of words that would be used in their reading, which were placed on the chart as they were learned. The pupils were required to read these at sight, and to write them. They were also used as a spelling exercise. This gives the little folks a writing exercise ever before them, and serves as an excellent review.

Mr. Berry uses the permanent register and written work. He is heart and soul in his profession, and well up in the best element of practical school work. The trustees are W. T. Dodson, R. J. Gaither and Wm. Gabby. I regret exceedingly to say that there is no public school house belonging to the district. The teacher furnishes the room to the district.

### NO. 23—MILLWOOD.

Pupils on roll, 48; present, 28. The trustees are Charles Cook, S. D. Clark and Wm. M. Collins.

The school is taught by W. W. Cook, a teacher of experience, who brings to the school room an originality that is very desirable. I was impressed with this in many of his classes. I desire to call the teachers' attention, most especially, to his diagramming in grammar. He uses the usual form, but in connection with it required the parsing of each word to be indicated by writing the number of the rules of syntax involved. This brings out a thorough understanding and description of the sentence. The class did this work with rapidity and ease. It was an enjoyment, as it was under the spur of mutual criticism. The discipline and working order of the school was first-class.

### NO. 24—HELENA STATION.

Pupils on roll, 55; present, 34. Trustees, Dr. Samuel Brough, Eugene Davis and John R. King. This school is taught by Miss Sallie Hall, an earnest and successful teacher, and I found the school in good working order, though the teacher was not satisfied. So much the better. Good results in practical school work, almost without exception, are the direct outgrowth of that dissatisfaction that comes of a high sense of duty and lofty ideal. A teacher who is wholly satisfied is incapable of progress, and should be retired from the profession.

Miss Hall uses the written work, monthly reports and permanent register. Her class in grammar showed good training, and the pupils in all of the classes were busy, self-reliant and interested in the work. The discipline of the school was first-class.

### As Black as Painted.

[R. J. Bundt.]  
When I think of the towel,  
The old-fashioned towel,  
That used to hang up by the printing-house  
Door,  
I think that nobody,  
In these days of shoddy,  
Can hammer out iron to wear as it wore.

The t'amp who abused it,  
The devil who used it,  
The comp' who got it when these two were  
gone,

The make-up and foreman,  
The editor, poor man,  
Each rubbed some grime off for the heap they  
put on.

In, over and under,  
'Twas blacker than thunder,  
From the roller suspended,  
It never was bended,  
And it clapped on the wall like a banner  
tin.

It grew thicker and rougher,  
And harder and tougher,  
And daily put on a more tickler bite,  
Until, one windy morning,  
Without any warning,  
It fell to the floor and was broken in two.

### Various Uses For Ammonia.

A little ammonia in tepid water will soften and cleanse the skin.

Spirits of ammonia inhaled will often relieve a severe headache.

Doordraper should be cleaned by rubbing with a cloth wet in ammonia and water.

If the color has been taken out of silk by fruit stains, ammonia will usually restore the color.

To brighten carpets wipe them with warm water in which has been poured a few drops of ammonia.

One or two tablespoonsfuls of ammonia added to a pail of water will clean windows better than soap.

A few drops in a cupful of warm water, applied carefully, will remove spots from paintings and chromos.

When acid of any kind gets on clothing, spirits of ammonia will kill it. Apply chloroform to restore the color.

Keep pickle, silver ornaments and mounts bright by rubbing with woolen cloth saturated in spirits of ammonia.

Greasy spots may be taken out with weak ammonia in water; lay soft white paper over and iron with a hot iron.

Ammonia applied two or three times, on a fresh cold sore will kill it. It will drive it away if used when the cold sore is first felt.

A tablespoonful of ammonia is a gallon of warm water will often restore colors in carpets; will also remove whitewash from them.

### Notice to Insurance Agts. and Others.

The Brooklyn Life Insurance Company of New York wants general, special and local agents in this State. This company is of a quarter of a century's experience; it is a good one to represent, and liberal terms can be made by men who will do business. Parties may apply by letter to the Brooklyn Life Insurance Company, 51 Liberty Street, New York City. 2t

## Matrimonial Cobweb.

[Chicago Herald.]  
A gallant named Cobb met a maiden named Web.  
And straightway he sat down beside her,  
And quickly proposed in a manner so glib  
That he won her as soon as he spied.

If a Washington special is correct, Thobe has gotten his reward at last. He has been appointed one of the Index Clerks of the House at a salary of \$1,200 a year. His race against Carlisle was not in vain after all.

## RETAIL MARKET.

COFFEE, per pound.....	22@25
MOLASSES—new crop, per gal.....	60@65
Golden Syrup.....	40
Sorghum, lancy new.....	35@40
SUGAR—Yellow, per pound.....	6@7
EXTRA C, per pound.....	7
A, per pound.....	8
Granulated, per pound.....	8@10
Powdered, per pound.....	10
New Orleans, per pound.....	5@7
TEA, per pound.....	50@100
COAL OIL—Headlight, per gallon.....	15
BACON—Breakfast, per pound.....	10
Clear sides, per pound.....	9@10
Hams, per pound.....	12@13
Shoulders, per pound.....	7@8
BEANS—Per gallon.....	30@40
BUTTER—Per pound.....	15@20
CHICKENS—Each.....	25@30
EGGS—Per dozen.....	10@12
FLOUR—Linenone, per barrel.....	45@50
Old Gold, per barrel.....	6@10
Maysville Fancy, per barrel.....	4.75
Mason County, per barrel.....	4.75
Royal Patent, per barrel.....	4.50
Maysville Family, per barrel.....	5.00
Graham, per sack.....	20@40
HONEY—Per pound.....	29
HOMINY—Per gallon.....	15
MEAL—Per peck.....	15
LARD—Per pound.....	9@10
ONIONS—Per peck new.....	25
POTATOES—Per peck, new.....	10
APPLES—Per peck, new.....	25@35

## Tobacco.

Furnished by Glover & Durrett, proprietors Louisville Tobacco Warehouse. Sales on our market for the week just closed amount to 3,861 hds., with receipts for the same period of 1,721 hds. Sales on our market to date of this crop of 1889, amount to 8,591 hds.

All grades of new burley have shown more activity this week, and prices are nearer outside quotations. The offering of old burley have been composed mainly of low grades in bad condition, but have met a little better demand than has characterized the market for several weeks past.

The following quotations fairly represent our market for burley tobacco, crop of 1889:

Trash (dark) or damaged tobacco.....	\$1 00@3 70
Colly trash.....	8 00@6 00
Common lugs, not color.....	3 00@5 00
Color lugs.....	5 00@8 00
Common leaf.....	7 00@8 50
Medium to good leaf.....	8 50@12 00
Good to fine filters.....	12 00@18 00
Select or wrapper leaf.....	16 00@20 00

## WANTED.

NOTICE—W. L. Moran has qualified as Constable, and will pay prompt attention to all business placed in his hands. Leave claims and accounts for him at WHITAKER & ROBERTSON'S office J342w

## FOR SALE.

FOR SALE—A valuable piece of property on Grant street. Enquire of PEPPER & DULEY at State National Bank.

FOR SALE OR RENT—Miss Park's dwelling on Limestone street. Apply to G. S. Judd.

## INCOMPREHENSIBLE.

Why will you exchange your old sewing machine and pay a little extra of \$40 or \$50 when you can have it repaired and made as good as new? All kinds repaired and warranted. Twenty-five years experience. Orders left at Owens', Mitchell & Co.'s hardware store will receive prompt attention.

H. M. WILLIAMS, Adjuster.

## Molasses! Molasses!

1 gallon fine new crop N. O. Molasses.....	50c




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## THE EVENING BULLETIN

DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY,  
ROSSER & McCARTHY,  
Proprietors.

WEDNESDAY, JANUARY 29, 1890.

### RAILROAD SCHEDULE.

CINCINNATI DIVISION CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO.

Due East.	Due West.
No. 32.....12:15 a. m.	No. 31.....4:10 a. m.
No. 2.....10:04 a. m.	No. 1.....5:37 a. m.
No. 12.....8:40 p. m.	No. 11.....8:00 a. m.
No. 4.....8:25 p. m.	No. 3.....8:10 p. m.

No. 81 and 82 are mixed trains, Nos. 11 and 12 the Ironton accommodation, Nos. 1 and 2 the Washington, Baltimore and New York and Old Point Comfort express, and Nos. 8 and 9 the F. F. V. All daily except Nos. 11 and 12. Direct connection at Central depot, Cincinnati, for all points West and South.

MAYSVILLE DIVISION KENTUCKY CENTRAL.  
Arrive.....10:25 a. m. 8:10 p. m.  
Depart.....5:16 a. m. 1:50 p. m.  
All trains daily except Sunday.  
Add twenty-six minutes to get city time.

INDICATIONS—Warmer, fair, southerly winds.

"MOUNTAIN BOY."

LADIES' ooze calf and cloth overgaiters, at Miner's, 24dft

DEULEY & BALDWIN Invite you to call and insure your property.

TOMATOES, corn, peas, and beans three cans 25 cents at Calhoun's.

COLONEL RICHARD DAWSON arrived yesterday from Carrollton, Mo.

ONE addition to the Christian Church last evening. Preaching this evening at 7 o'clock.

RT. REV. BISHOP C. P. MAES, of Covington, is in town, the guest of Rev. Father Glorieux.

MISS SALLIE METCALF, who has been ill two weeks with the prevailing epidemic, is improving.

"ENOC ARDEN" at opera house tomorrow night. Reserved seat tickets on sale at Taylor's.

THE Maysville Assembly will entertain on the evening of February 7th, at the St. Charles Hotel.

STEPHEN NOLAND, father of Rev. F. Noland of the M. E. Church, South, died Monday at Nicholasville.

THOMAS ARNOT and wife, of Campbell County, have celebrated the sixty-third anniversary of their marriage.

SAMUEL S. CLAY was appointed postmaster at Paris Monday. He held the office under the last Republican administration.

GOVERNOR CAMPBELL, of Ohio, passed East yesterday morning on the C. and O. fast express for Old Point Comfort, where his wife has been several weeks on account of her health.

THAT four-hundred-dollar diamond will be given away by Ballenger Feb. 1st. Until then you get a ticket for every dollar's worth of goods bought of him, also for every dollar paid on account.

"KU-TA-MO-NING-SHA-HAU-TO-IU-TC," That is from a new Chinese phrase-book; but it is not Chinese—it is English. It is the way the Chinese are taught to say, "Good morning, sir! How do you do?" —Exchange.

FARGHAR BEATON, the champion pipe player of Scotland, will appear here tomorrow night with Newton Beers in "Enoch Arden." Mr. Beaton was first brought to America as the dancer and piper by Barnum in 1887.

MERCHANTS and farmers will find a very large stock of chains and hames at Frank Owens Hardware Co.'s. The firm advise early purchases. Hardware and iron have been advancing in price since they made their orders for such goods.

THE second term of the present scholastic year at Hayswood Female Seminary will commence next Monday. Attention is called to the notice elsewhere. This institution is an honor to the city and deserves the success it is meeting with.

THE Superior Court, in reversing the case of Patty versus Showalter, says:

Where the plaintiff, in a judgment which shows upon its face that it embraces usury, comes into a court of equity and asks the enforcement of his judgment, the Chancellor, in ordering the sale of property to satisfy the judgment, should exclude all usury.

THE seven saloons of Tuscaloosa, Ala., under the new license law, contributed \$7,000 to the city treasury for the privilege of doing business for 1890. In other words each saloon at Tuscaloosa has to pay an annual license of \$1,000. If other cities find high license such a good thing, why not try it in Maysville?

JOHN WILLIAMS, colored, was arrested this morning by Marshal Heflin on charge of grand larceny. He is accused of stealing a silver cup valued at \$20 from Mr. J. Ballenger, the jeweler. The cup was taken three or four years ago. He was jailed in default of \$200 bail. The examining trial comes off to-morrow afternoon before Mayor Pearce.

### THE STATE'S LAW-MAKERS.

Paragraphs of Interest Gleaned From the Proceedings of the Legislature.

Among the measures passed is a bill to create a Board of Commissioners for Nicholas County.

Representative Kinkead introduced a bill to incorporate the Lexington and Richmond Railway.

An act was introduced yesterday to make it a misdemeanor to employ an infant under eighteen years of age as a telegraph operator.

A bill is pending to require railroads to pay full value for stock destroyed, unless the track is fenced with a fence four and one-half feet high, with proper cattle gates.

Mr. Croan took a whack at the railroads by introducing a bill requiring them to report to the Auditor the length of the track and amount of property in the common school districts, and providing for their taxation for district school purposes.

A bill was introduced to materially modify the act establishing the State Board of Railroad Commissioners. Among other things it gives the Board power to enforce its awards.

Speaker Myers re-introduced the bill offered at the last session to protect the privacy of telegraphic messages. It imposes a fine of not more than \$1,000 or imprisonment for not more than one year, on any agent of a telegraph company which shall disclose the contents of any message to any person other than that to which it is addressed, and upon any one who shall receive a message to which he is not entitled.

An act is pending to incorporate the Confederate State Association of Kentucky. Among the incorporators are Governor S. B. Buckner, Judge Lewis, B. W. Duke, R. J. Breckinridge, Wm. L. Jackson, Sr., J. C. Wickliffe, H. T. Stanton, W. Lindsay, John R. Kemp and others. The object of the association is to render aid to the veterans of the Confederacy or their families; to provide homes for them, erect monuments, etc.

### Railway News.

Conductor Wall, of the C. and O., has been appointed General Yardmaster of the Cincinnati Division, with headquarters at Huntington. He was one of the most popular conductors on the road, and will be missed along the route.

The gross earnings of seventy-nine roads for the second week of January were \$5,516,724, showing an increase of \$715,923, or 14.91 per cent., and for the third week of January of sixteen roads at \$1,325,255, an increase of \$115,838, or 9.58 per cent., as compared with 1889.

In 1882 the New York Central carried

for the first time in its history over ten million passengers; in 1885 the number

carried during the year had increased to

nearly thirteen millions, and in 1889 there

were transported on its trains over

eighteen millions of passengers.

### River News.

Captain Calhoun announces that his new Cincinnati and Pittsburg packet,

Keystone State, will not be ready for

business until the first of March.

Due up: Telegraph for Pomeroy and Louise for Charleston at midnight. Due down: Rainbow at 4 p.m.; Chancellor at 5 p.m., and Boston at midnight.

The burning of the DeSoto at Owensboro yesterday makes the third steamer lost by the Cincinnati and Memphis Packet Company since the first of last month. They were the Granite State, Ohio and DeSoto.

The following are the officers of the new Portsmouth and Cincinnati packet, W. N. Chancellor: Samuel Moore, captain; John K. Peyton and Ed. Brown, clerks; Belville Redden, pilot; Tom Nolen, steward; James Dupuy, mate, and Charles A. McDaniel, chief engineer. Pilot Redden and Steward Nolen held these positions of the Handy No. 2. Mr. Nolen will run the tables on the European plan, which is becoming very popular among river travelers.

### The Thomas Trial.

The trial of John Thomas, commenced yesterday, for the murder of young Henry Newell is still in progress.

The work of empanelling a jury was completed yesterday afternoon, and the evidence is now being introduced. Six or seven witnesses for the prosecution had been examined at noon to-day. The evidence does not vary materially from that already published.

The jury under direction of the court, viewed the scene of the shooting this morning.

The trial will last a day or so longer.

### A Clerk's Luck.

Samuel Baker, a clerk in one of our principal jewelry stores and living at 1,934 Bush street, is in luck. At the last drawing of the Louisiana State Lottery Company he found himself suddenly possessed of the snug sum of \$15,000.—San Francisco (Cal.) Call, November 30.

# THERE'S NOTHING LIKE LEATHER!

The author of this proverb is unknown. In a spelling-book much used in our grandmothers' days will be found the following lines, which perhaps gave the origin of it:

A town feared a siege and held consultation,  
Which was the best means of fortification;  
A grave, skilful mason said, in his opinion,  
Nothing like stone would secure the dominion;

If the honest old currier was alive to-day he would be surprised at the many kinds of leather made—made solely for cheapness, without reference to service or durability—a snare and a disappointment to the wearer. His advice would be to buy that which is ABSOLUTELY RELIABLE.

## THE PLACE IS MINER'S SHOE STORE!

# The Postoffice Drug Store!

You can always find a choice line of DRUGS at the Postoffice Drug Store. Also a fine line of Fancy Toilet Articles, and the best Perfumeries to be found in Maysville.

Prescriptions a specialty, and carefully compounded at all hours.

## POWER & REYNOLDS,

Cox Building (Adjoining Postoffice).

## BLANK BOOKS AND OFFICE SUPPLIES,

And all January-the-first necessities.

## Cabinet Files, Letter-Copying Books, Cheap Files.

Letter-Copying Books, Time Books, Bill and Bill-Lading Books. Orders for specialties solicited and prices guaranteed.

## KACKLEY & McDougale.

# The Last Chance to Buy Stoves Cheap.

Although the advance in iron has increased the price of Stoves, we will offer our entire large stock of

## HEATERS AT COST.

They must go to make room for other goods. We are also showing the latest and best improved Cook Stoves and wrought Steel Ranges ever offered in Maysville.

## BIERBOWER and CO.

MARKET STREET



McClanahan & Shea

Dealers in

## STOVES,

Mantels, Grates, Tinware.

TIN-ROOFING,

GUTTERING,

and SPOUTING.

JOB WORK OF ALL KINDS EXECUTED IN BEST MANNER

## PURE DRUGS, WINES AND LIQUORS.

## THOS. J. CHENOWETH'S

## DRUG AND PRESCRIPTION STORE.

## We Invoice On the First of February,

And until then, to reduce our stock, we have made very low prices on some lines.

## CLOAKS AT YOUR OWN PRICE.

Two cases Dark Prints, good styles, at 4e.; Brown and Bleached muslin, yard wide, at 5 and 6 1/4e.; 10-4 Unbleached Shirting, at 20e.; twenty pieces Plaid Shirting at 5e.; Men's Unlanned Shirts, three for \$1.00; Ladies' All Wool Cashmere Hose at 18c.; Men's Merino Underwear at 18c.; Men's Scarlet Underwear at 38c.

## BROWNING

& CO.

No. 3 East Second Street, Maysville, Ky.

# The Wants of France.

Interests of Her Trade Demand Protection.

## RIBOT'S SPEECH ON THE SUBJECT.

The Committee of the Deputies Largely Protectionists—Seven People Drowned. The Statue of the Pope Completed. Other Cullings From the Latest Cable News.

**PARIS,** Jan. 20.—M. Ribot, Republican deputy from the Pas de Calais, spoke before the customs tariff committee on the projected renewal of the commercial treaties. He said the question before them was whether France should, when the commercial treaties expired in 1892, resume complete freedom from tariffs, or should conclude new treaties in 1891. The majority of the deputies had already pronounced in favor of the renewal of the treaties at that time.

The points at which this subject touched most forcibly the mind of the people were as it regarded the convenience of frequent changes in the tariff and the danger of exposing the French export trade to rigorous measures of intended retaliation on the part of other countries.

France should know that she is bound to the commercial policy of protection. She is not in the same position as Great Britain and Belgium, which have a superabundance of industrial production. All the conditions of her political, social and economic order make it imperative that wide and efficient protection should be accorded to French manufacturers and agriculture.

In the chamber of deputies yesterday a committee on customs tariff was elected. It is composed of thirty-nine protectionists, thirteen free traders, and three whose views are uncertain.

**Dr. Tanner Again Locked Up in Jail.**

**LONDON,** Jan. 20.—The irrepressible Mr. Tanner, member of the house of commons for Mid-Cork, is again an inmate of an Irish jail. On the occasion of the recent consideration and passage by the Cork board of guardians a resolution expressing confidence in Mr. Parnell. Dr. Tanner indulged in an insulting tirade against Mr. Smith-Barry, the notorious Irish rock-renter. For this the latter had Tanner arrested, and he was arraigned before a magistrate yesterday and sentenced to three months' imprisonment, from which sentence Tanner appealed.

**Russia Building Railroads.**

**ST. PETERSBURG,** Jan. 20.—The Russian government has decided to construct a railroad from Lake Baikal, in southern Siberia, to Stretinsk, on the Chinese frontier, and on the Amoor river. This is to be an important link in the great through Siberian railway, the ultimate end of which is to be at Vladivostock, on the Japan sea.

**Looking to America.**  
**LONDON,** Jan. 20.—The Republican element in Lisbon is aroused to furious anger and is strongly advocating an alliance with America. This feeling is due to the publication of a report that Senor Sagasta declared in the Spanish cortes that Spain did not desire to offend England for the sake of Portugal.

**Hurricane at Buenos Ayres.**  
**London,** Jan. 20.—South America advises state that a hurricane has done much damage at Buenos Ayres. The bark Sigdal, from Cardiff, was sunk at Buenos Ayres, having collided with the steamer Llewellyn, for Liverpool. The latter was so badly damaged that it was necessary to beach her.

**Statue of the Pope.**  
**ROME,** Jan. 20.—The marble copy of the monument representing the pope blessing the world, which was ordered some time ago for the Catholic university at Washington, is finished and ready for shipping.

**Sprague Recovering.**  
**LISBON,** Jan. 20.—Advices from Menzies state that Mr. Sprague is rapidly recovering from his attack of gout, and that he will preach next Sunday.

**Cofflers on a Strike.**  
**PARIS,** Jan. 20.—The colliers at Lens have gone on a strike owing to the discharge of three union men from a colliery.

**Seven Persons Drowned.**  
**BERLIN,** Jan. 20.—By the capsizing of a ferryboat at Grimalinghausen yesterday seven persons were drowned.

**A Duke's Fortune.**  
**ROME,** Jan. 20.—The will of the late Duke of Aosta bequeaths \$1,500,000 to his three sons.

**THE Y. M. C. A. AND THE W. C. T. U.**  
**The Former Treats the Latter as a Political Organization.**

**MILWAUKEE, Wis.**, Jan. 20.—The Woman's Christian Temperance union here has received formal notice from the directors of the Young Men's Christian association building. The notice says that, having allied themselves with the Prohibition party, the women must be treated like any other political organization, and are therefore debarred from occupying quarters in the Young Men's Christian association building. This charge grows out of the action taken at the Chicago convention recently, which the local union endorsed.

The Young Men's Christian association people are exceedingly loath to talk about the matter. Secretary Williams said he would let the directors explain if they saw fit. It is hinted in outside circles that one of the reasons for the action on the part of the directors was that several liberal subscribers to the Young Men's Christian fund complained about the ladies being in the building, saying they were really the Prohibition party.

**NEWARK, O.**, Jan. 20.—A warrant has been issued for the arrest of John H. Vance and his wife. It is claimed that they have been annoying two old ladies for some time past by throwing into their house and yard notes of an obscene and threatening character tied to stones and blocks.

## Anemia.

A condition of anemia, or lack of blood, occurs in the course of many acute and chronic diseases, and, under such circumstances, is of importance only in connection with the special disorder which it accompanies. But what of the many persons who are evidently "poor blooded," and yet have no other known physical infirmity? This condition is seen in all degrees of severity, from the simple anemia resulting from a slight failure in the assimilation of food up to the well nigh incurable disease called pernicious anemia.

A form of the disease called chlorosis, or green sickness, which gets its name from the sickly greenish hue of the skin, is not unfrequently seen; it occurs especially in young women who have too much indoor life and too little exercise.

Several theories have been brought forward by eminent medical gentlemen to explain the affection. One authority ascribes it to the imperfect development of the heart and blood making organs; another thinks it is due to the inability of the formative tissues to meet the demands of the growing organism; still a third believes it to result from a lack of iron in a form suitable for assimilation.

Sir Andrew Clark, the eminent London physician, believes that in the majority of cases the whole trouble results from the absorption into the system of poisonous alkaloids, which are formed during the decomposition of the contents of the digestive tract. It has been calculated that sufficient poison is formed in the process of decomposition, in the intestines of a healthy man during twenty-four hours to cause death if retained and absorbed.

If such alkaloids are mixed with the blood, there is every opportunity for them to exert their baleful influence upon the tissues into which they are carried. A lack of attention to the regular and complete evacuation of the bowels is quite sufficient to account not only for this special series of maladies, but for many slighter ailments, and it has been found that the surest method of treatment in these cases is such a course of diet and laxatives as shall correct this irregular habit.—*Youth's Companion.*

## Her Wish Gratified.

"You'd better not wish for the impossible," said an Irish-tongued gentleman to a friend who, in a fit of depression, had wished she had died in her cradle. "You may get it!" One might apply the same stricture to wishing for the possible when its attainment would not be altogether pleasant.

Last summer, says The London Graphic, two ladies staying in India drove in a bullock tonga to see the view from a neighboring hill. The prospect of the thick jungle, stretching away for hundreds of miles, naturally suggested the idea of game, and one of them said:

"How I should like to see a real live tiger just once in his native glen."

The sun was beginning to sink as they started to drive homeward by an unfringed track cleared through the jungle. Soon they came to an open space, and there, "All at once," writes one of them, "on looking up, I saw what I at first thought to be the stump of a felled tree about thirty yards off the roadway. As we drew a little nearer I saw it was moving."

"Look!" I said to my friend. "It's a panther!"

Fortunately, the bullocks did not scent him, or they would have bolted and probably upset the tonga, leaving us at the tender mercy of the beast. As we were passing him he left the tree under which he had been standing, and came toward us in a crouching manner, as if making ready for a spring. We then saw it was a tiger, and a very fine one.

"To say we were frightened would not be wide of the mark, especially as he moved parallel with us for about twenty yards, keeping his eye upon us the whole time, and looking as if determined to have at least one of us for a meal. The driver whipped up his bullocks, we shouted, and one of us opened and shut a white umbrella. This apparently frightened the tiger, who disappeared into the bush."

## COONEY "THE FOX'S" COUSIN SHOT.

A Chicago Police Captain Indulges in a Little Pistol Practice.

**CHICAGO,** Jan. 29.—Police Captain Schuetter, of the central station, shot and dangerously wounded Thomas Gibbons, a saloonkeeper, and a cousin of Cooney "The Fox," in Vogelsang's saloon, at 155 Randolph street. The shooting was the result of ill-feeling between the officer and Gibbons and Alderman McCormick. The latter tried to provoke a quarrel with Schuetter, and failing in this Gibbons felled the captain to the floor with a terrific blow on the right eye.

The two men clinched and fought savagely for some time, trying to gain possession of Schuetter's revolver. Schuetter finally wrested the weapon from the saloon keeper and shot him in the shoulder. Gibbons was taken to his home and the alderman was arrested, but subsequently released on bail.

## Five Tanks of Oil Burned.

**NEW YORK,** Jan. 29.—By an explosion at the Standard oil works, at Hunter's Point, shortly before 3 o'clock yesterday afternoon, five tanks of oil were burned. The loss is from \$150,000 to \$200,000. Reports that several workmen had been killed were unfounded. No one was injured. The dense smoke caused by the burning oil created great consternation in the neighborhood, but at 3:45 the fire was under control.

## Bogus Silver Dollars in Iowa.

**FORT DODGE, Iowa,** Jan. 29.—Northern Iowa is being flooded with what bankers pronounce the best imitation silver dollar that has been placed in circulation for some time. The coin is the exact shape, size and color of the genuine, and is stamped perfectly. It is a little lighter in weight than the good dollar. The counterfeits have been placed in circulation very successfully and, thus far without any clew to the circulator.

## Two Men Killed by Nitro-Glycerine.

**BRADFORD, Pa.**, Jan. 29.—W. H. McHenry and Alexander Carmen were blown up by nitro-glycerine yesterday while preparing to torpedo a well south of this city. Both men were blown to pieces. They were old shooters.

## \$4,000 Short—Can't Explain.

**HUTCHINSON, Kan.**, Jan. 29.—A. R. Lesley, treasurer of Scott county, Kansas, is short in his accounts about \$4,000. He attempts no explanation further than that the money is gone and he doesn't know where.

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## A MODERN SAMSON.

He Lifts a 1,030-Pound Weight and Wins a \$500 Trophy.

**NEW YORK,** Jan. 29.—The \$500 trophy that Richard K. Fox offered to the man who could lift the 1,030-pound dumbbell in his office, was won yesterday afternoon by James Kennedy, of Quincy, Ill. All the heavy men had a trial at the big weight last week, but none of them could get it clear off the floor, although some were able to lift one end of it.

Steve Brodie promised to bring a man who could do what the others failed to do, and yesterday he kept his word. Brodie found Kennedy in a pig iron factory when he went to Quincy to jump. Kennedy at that time had a pleasing habit of lifting from 800 to 800 pounds of iron with his arms. Brodie has been training him for the last three weeks, and exhibiting him in a museum.

There was a large crowd present at the Police Gazette office when Kennedy came in in rowing costume. He straddled the big iron weight, and after a moment or two lifted it clear, and dropped it with a bang that shook the room. "I guess you get that trophy," Fox said. Kennedy said he was much obliged.

John Smith the Australian boxer, and the cowboy Sampson tried to lift the weight between them, but were unsuccessful. Kennedy only weighed 195 pounds.

## OF Interest to Ball Players.

**NEW YORK,** Jan. 29.—In supreme court chambers yesterday Judge O'Brien decided the suit of the New York League base ball club for an injunction restraining Short-stop Ward from playing with any other than the New York club, in favor of Ward. He refused to grant an injunction and insisted upon a speedy trial. It was a test case, and upon the decision the success of the Brotherhood depended.

## CONDENSED TELEGRAMS.

### Minor Events and Little Happenings at Various Places.

Rolling mill men are on a strike at Birmingham, Ala.

Frank Anderson was killed in a mine near New Philadelphia, O.

E. P. Egerton, Sr., aged 96 years, died at High Bridge, Ky.

An old soldier named Beckman was assaulted near Fremont, O., and robbed of \$100.

A deaf and dumb woman named Loomis was killed by cars near Fort Wayne, Ind.

The Montana supreme court has affirmed the legality of the Republican legislature.

Capt. Frank Aram, the well known pension attorney of Cincinnati, died yesterday.

Mark Baldwin says that Arlie Latham will play with the Chicago Brotherhood club.

An investigation into the causes of the Monon railroad disaster is in progress at Indianapolis.

John Brown's daughter is in need, and it is proposed to raise money to pay off a mortgage on her home.

Milwaukee's millionaire, John Plankinton, is improving in health, and there is now hope of his recovery.

Action was taken in the Kentucky house yesterday regarding the Cincinnati and Covington Street Railroad company.

Reports to Senator Stanford about the Central Pacific road are to the effect that the snow is fifty feet deep in some of the ravines.

The Ohio Republican association, at Washington, gave a reception last night. A number of distinguished politicians were present.

The late Adam Forepaugh gave one-half of his fortune to his widow, and one-half to his son, after making provisions for his father.

The question of abating the \$80,000 tax against the T. W. Welch company, of Owensboro, Ky., upon spirits destroyed by fire, was argued at Washington yesterday.

## PRICES CURRENT.

### Review of the Money, Stock and Cattle Markets for Jan. 28.

Money loaned easy at 2 to 3 per cent. Currency sixes, 116 bid; four, coupon, 124 bid; four-and-a-half, do, 104½ bid.

During the first hour of business on the Stock Exchange to-day trading was not so active and a lesser number of stocks were dealt in. The tone was weaker and prices were generally lower by from ½ to 1½ per cent. At the end of the first hour than they closed last night. Colorado Coal dropped 1½ to 4½. Sugar trusts in the early part of the hour advanced ½ and then declined 1½ to 6½. Louisville and Nashville was an exception to the general weakness and advanced 1 per cent. In the hour to noon the market was even duller, but prices had more support and most of the decline of the first hour was recovered. At this writing the market is firm.

Atchison ..... 34 Mich. Cent. .... 95½  
C. & B. & Q. .... 105 N. Y. Central. .... 107  
C. C. & I. .... 72½ Northwestern. .... 111½  
Del. & Hud. .... 150½ Ohio & Miss. .... 34  
D. L. & W. .... 136½ Pacific Mall. .... 39½  
Erie ..... 27½ Rock Island. .... 97½  
Lake Shore.... 103 St. Paul. .... 71  
L. & N. .... 88½ Western Union. .... 85½

## CINCINNATI.

WHEAT—73@80c.  
CORN—27@33c.

WOOL—Unwashed fine merino, 18@19c;  $\frac{1}{2}$ -blood combing, 21@24c; medium delaine and clothing, 24@26c; braid, 18@20c; medium combing, 24@25c; fine washed, fine merino X and XX, 28@29c; medium clothing, 30@31c; delaine, 30@31c.

HAIR—Choicest timothy sells at \$11.50@12.00 per ton; prairie brings \$6.00@8.50; straw, \$5.00@6.00.

CATTLE—Good to choice butchers, \$3.50@4.00; fair, \$2.50@3.25; common, \$1.50@2.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.50@3.75.

HOOS—Selected butchers and heavy shipping, \$3.85@4.00; fair to good packing, \$3.85@4.25; common and rough packing, \$3.40@3.75; fair to good light, \$3.85@3.95; pigs \$3.00@3.30.

SHEEP—\$3.50@5.75.

LAMBS—\$4.00@6.50.

## Chicago.

HOOS—Light, \$3.70@3.85; mixed, \$3.70@3.95; heavy, \$3.70@3.95.

CATTLE—Extra beefes, \$4.00@5.00; steers, \$3.50@4.50; cows, bulls and mixed, \$1.25@2.00; stockers and feeders, \$2.25@3.25.

HOOS—\$3.50@5.75.

LAMBS—\$4.00@6.50 per 100 lbs.

## Pittsburgh.

HOOS—Light, \$3.70@3.85; mixed, \$3.70@3.95.

CATTLE—Prime, \$4.00@4.75; good, \$3.90@4.25; fair, \$3.10@3.50; bulls, stags and fat cows, \$2.25@3c; fresh cows, \$2.00@2.40.

HOOS—All grades, \$4.00@4.10.